UNISE Indicator Definition and Operation Guide

Multisectoral Nutrition pilot Program
Seqota Declaration - Draft Document
October 20202





Contents

Introduction	3
Objective of this document	3
UNISE Indicator Definition	4
Health Sector	2
Kebele Level	2
Woreda Level	(
Agriculture and Livestock Sector	8
Kebele Level	8
Woreda level	10
Water Irrigation and Energy Sector	11
Kebele level	11
Woreda Level	12
Education Sector	13
Kebele level	13
Woreda level	15
Social and Labor Sector	16
Kebele level	16
Woreda Level	17
Women and Children Sector	18
Kebele level	18
Woreda level	19
Multisectoral nutrition Coordination Key Performance Indicators	19





Federal Level	19
Region level	21
Woreda level	
NISE/DHIS2 Organization Unit naming	
UNISE/DHIS2 Organization Unit naming Guide	
UNISE Data Entry and Data Output Guide – Nutrition Sensitive	
UNISE Data Entry and Data Output Guide – Nutrition Specific	
Onial Butter fund Butter Guide Hadricon Specific	20





Introduction

UNISE is a multi-sectoral nutrition score- card data management tool implemented using DHIS2 to capture, manage and monitor multi-sectoral nutrition data at all administrative level. This platform was developed by Federal Ministry of Health (FMOH) mainly MCH directorate in collaboration with UNICEF and currently it is integrated to the national District Health Information System (DHIS 2) system.

Soqota Declaration (SD) is the government's special commitment declared to end stunting in children under two years old by 2030. To achieve this goal, Nutrition data revolution is one of the key approaches that the declaration is envisioning to accomplish. As a result, the declaration took the lead on the implementation of the UNISE platform for the national multi-sectoral nutrition data management. UNISE will be the main data management tool for the multi-sectoral nutrition score card under implementation.

UNISE consists of the nutrition specific and nutrition sensitive indicators. The nutrition specific indicators are mainly reported by the health posts, health centers, clinics and hospitals and these reports are organized by the health bureaus at all levels. Nutrition sensitive indicators currently collected from six NNPII signatory sectors at all administrative levels starting from kebele. These sectors are Health, Agriculture, Women and children Affair, Social and Labor Affair, Water Irrigation and Energy (WIE) and Education sector.

Objective of this document

UNISE is currently integrated in the FMoH DHIS2 system which is mainly designed and implemented based on the old HMIS structure of the country. The document discusses the following main points which are useful to understand and use UNISE/DHIS2 properly:

- UNISE indicator definition of the sectors
- The Organization Unit naming and hierarchy of UNISE





UNISE Indicator Definition

Indicator definition of the sectors in UNISE follows the exact data definition of the DHIS2 platform. A data value or a data captured in UNISE/DHIS 2 needs at least three dimensions that answer three questions: the WHERE, the WHEN and the WHAT. In DHIS2 the WHERE dimension is called the **Organization Unit** which shows the administrative location and hierarchy levels of the country. The WHEN dimension shows the frequency of the data collection, and in DHIS2 is called **Period**. The WHAT dimension show the actual data captured from the source and in DHIS2 is called **Data Element**

The following section describes the list of data elements and indicators and their descriptions defined by the current NNPII signatory sectors implemented in UNSIE

Health Sector

The health sector has identified the following list of indicators at Kebele level and woreda level. These indicators are nutrition sensitive indicator they are different from the nutrition specific that were collected suing the health's HMIS system for the last 20 years.

Kebele Level

No.	Indicator	Indicator Description	Reporting periodicity	Sources	Numerator	Denominator
1	Proportion of currently pregnant women & caregivers of children 0-23m who attended a Community conversation session during the reporting period.	These are currently pregnant women & caregivers of children 0-23m who attended in at least one Community conversation session either with WDA or HEWs during the reporting period.	Monthly	Admin. report	Number of currently pregnant women & caregivers of children 0-23m who attended in at least one Community conversation session during the reporting period.	Total number of currently pregnant women & caregivers of children 0-23m in the woreda
2	Proportion of currently pregnant women & caregivers of children 0-23m who were exposed to religious leaders (priest or imam) discussion of	These are proportion of currently pregnant women & caregivers of children 0-23m who were exposed to atleast one religious leaders (priest or imam)	Monthly	Admin. report	Number of currently pregnant women & caregivers of children 0-23m who were exposed to religious leaders (priest or	Total number of currently pregnant women & caregivers of children 0-23m in the woreda





	MIYCN during this reporting period	discussion of MIYCN during this reporting period			imam) discussion of MIYCN during this reporting period	
3	Number of pregnant women who received MIYCN counseling during ANC visits		Quarterly	Admin. report	Number of pregnant women who received MIYCN counseling during ANC visits	1
4	Number of caregivers of children 0-24 months who received IYCN counseling during any point of contact at health facilities		Quarterly	Admin. report	Number of pregnant women who received MIYCN counseling during ANC visits	1
5	Proportion of HHs that have access to improved latrines	A sanitation facility is considered improved if it hygienically separates human excreta from human contact. The types of latrine included under this category includes: flush to piped sewer system; flush to septic tank, flush/pour flush to pit; composting toilet; VIP latrine; pit latrine with a slab.	Monthly	Admin. report	Number of House Holds with improved latrine	Total Number of households in the Kebele





Woreda Level

No.	Indicator	Indicator Description	Reporting periodicity	Sources	Numerator	Denominator
1	Number of cooking demonstration sessions conducted at any level (HP, HC or community level) during the reporting period.	This refers to cooking demonstration that is conducted at community health post and health centers.	Monthly	Admin. report	Number of cooking demonstration sessions conducted at any level (HP, HC or community level) during the reporting period.	1
2	Proportion of PLW who participated in cooking demonstration	These are PLW who attended in at least one cooking demonstration either in their community or at health facilities.	Monthly	Admin. report	Number of PLW who participated in at least one cooking demonstration during the reporting period	Total number of PLW in the woreda
3	Proportion of health facilities that have access to safe and adequate water supply	A facility is said to have access to safe and adequate water supply if Water quantity is between 5–400 litres/person/day. Outpatient services require less water, • 5 liters/out-patient • 40-60 liters/in-patient/day While operating theatres and delivery rooms require more water. Water should be available within all treatment wards and in waiting areas. This water has to be treated with treatment chemicals/devices regularly.	Quarterly	Admin. report	Number of health facilities that have access to safe and adequate water supply	Number of Health facility (HPs and HCs) in the woreda
4	Proportion of health facilities that have access to improved latrine	A sanitation facility is considered improved if it hygienically separates human excreta from human contact. The types of technology that are likely to	Quarterly	Admin. report	Number of health facilities that have access to Improved latrine	Number of Health facility (HPs and HCs) in the woreda





		meet this criterion are: fl ush to piped sewer system; flush to septic tank, flush/pour flush to pit; composting toilet; VIP latrine; pit latrine with a slab.				
5	Proportion of Kebeles that declared ODF	Refers to Proportion of kebeles declared ODF. Open defecation implies Human feces disposed of in fields, forest, bushes, open bodies of water, beaches or other open spaces or disposed of with solid waste or are wrapped in temporary material and discarded. ODF kebeles are in which excreta is safely disposed of in situ or treated off site.	Quarterly	Admin. report	Number of Kebeles that declared ODF.	Number of kebeles in the woreda
6	Number of Health Facilities (HF) upgraded	This indicates the number of existing health posts upgraded to second generation HP	Bi-Annually	Admin. report	Number of Health Facilities (HF) upgraded	1
7	Number of Health Facility implementing Yazmi technology	This indicates the number of health posts have access to Yazmi technology and submit reports to the next level using Yazmi satellite network	Monthly	Admin. report	Number of Health Facility implementing Yazmi technology	1





Agriculture and Livestock Sector

Kebele Level

No.	Indicator	Indicator Description	Reporting periodicity	Sources	Numerator	Denominator
1	Proportion of households with homestead gardening of vegetables and fruits	It indicates proportion of HHs in the SD woredas participated in backyards gardening for vegetable or fruit production.	Monthly	Admin. report	Number of HHs that engaged in home stead gardening during the reporting period.	Number of households in the kebele
2	Proportion of HHs participated in Bio-fortified crop Production	It indicates proportion of HHs in SD woredas participated in biofortified crop production. It can be in backyard gardening or in their farms.	Quarterly	Admin. report	Number of HH partcipated in Bio-fortified crop Production	Number of households in the kebele
3	Proportion of HHs participated in nutrition dense pulses Production	It indicates proportion of HHs in SD woredas participated in the production of nutrition dense pulses production. It can be in backyard gardening or in their farms.	Quarterly	Admin. report	Number of HHs participated in nutrition dense pulses Production	Number of households in the kebele
4	Proportion of households that are using improved post-harvest technology	It indicated HHs with at least one improved post-harvest technologies in the production, storage and processing of agricultural products. Will be measured against the plan.	Monthly	Admin. report	Number of households that are using at least one improved post-harvest technology	Number of households in the kebele
5	Proportion of irrigated land developed(in HA)	Indicates proportion of irrigated land out of the existed potential for irrigation out of the total HHs	Quarterly	Admin. report	Hectares of irrigated land developed	Hectares of land potential for irrigation
6	Proportion of households with milking shoats	Indicates proportion of HHs in the SD wordas participated in the production of atleast three miliking goats or sheeps out of	Quarterly	Admin. report	Number of HHs with at least three milking goats or sheeps during the reporting period	Number of households in the kebele





		the total HHs.				
7	Proportion of households with poultry	Indicates proportion of HHs in the SD woredas participated in the production of atleast 5 Chickens out of the total HHs.	Quarterly	Admin. report	Number of HHs that are engaged in the production of at least 5 chickens during the reporting period.	Number of households in the kebele
8	Proportion of HHs engaged in fish production	indicates HHs that are engaged in the production of Fish out of the total HHs	Quarterly	Admin. report	Number of HHs that are engaged in fish production	Number of households in the kebele
9	Proportion of HH with improved beehives	Indicates proportion of HHs in the SD woredas engaged in the production of atleast two transitional and/or modern beehives for honey production.	Quarterly	Admin. report	Number of HHs that are engaged in the production of at least two transitional and/or modern beehives for honey production during the reporting period.	Number of households in the kebele
10	Proportion of agricultural extension workers who have received at least one nutrition sensitive agricultural and livestock related trainings as of this reporting period.		Quarterly	Admin. report	Number of agricultural extension workers who have received at least one nutrition sensitive agricultural and livestock related trainings as of this reporting period.	Total number of agriculture extension workers
11	Proportion of HHs that engaged in small scale irrigation (SSI) during the reporting period.		Quarterly	Admin. report	Number of HHs that engaged in small scale irrigation (SSI) during the reporting period.	Number of households in the kebele
12	Proportion of FTCs with nutrition corners during the reporting period.	This refers to FTCs in the SD woredas that have demonstration sites for either for vegetables, fruits or bio-fortified crop production or CF demonstration during the reporting period.	Quarterly	Admin. report	Number of FTCs with nutrition corners during the reporting period.	Total number of FTCs in the woreda
12	Proportion of farm land covered with water and soil	This referes to farm land on which soil and water	Quarterly	Admin. report	Hectar of farm land covered with water and soil	Total Hectar of farm land in the Kebele





	conservation	conservation activities conducted			conservation.	
13	Proportion of PLW food insecured HHs reached through PSNP	Program Safety Net Program (PSNP) is Ethipian flagship program where it provides food &/or cash assistance to food insecure households in chronically food secure woredas. This indicator refers to the number of PLWin food insecure HHs who receive food &/or cash support through PSNP.	Quarterly	Admin. report	Number of PLW in food insecure HHs reached through PSNP interventions	Total number of PLW in food insecure HHs
14	Proportion of PLW engaged in on farm/off farm IGA	This refers to PLWs who engaged in income generating activities (be it on farm or off farm activity	Quarterly	Admin. report	Number of PLW engaged in on farm/off farm Income generating activities (IGA)	Total number of PLW in kebele
15	Number of fruit and vegetable seedlings produced by private and community seed producers	This referes to number of fruits and vegetable seedlings produced by private or community seed producers during the reporting period	Quarterly	Admin. report	Number of fruit and vegetable seedlings produced by private and community seed producers	1

Woreda level

No.	Indicator	Indicator Description	Reporting periodicity	Sources	Numerator	Denominator
1	Quintal of nutrient dense seed produced by private and community seed producer	Nutrient dense seed includes bio fortified crops, beans, and other pulses which have high nutrient content. This indicator refers to quantity of nutrient dense seeds in quintal produced either by private or community seed producers.	Quarterly	Admin. report	Quintal of nutrient dense seed produced by private and community seed producer	1





Water Irrigation and Energy Sector

Kebele level

No.	Indicator	Indicator Description	Reporting periodicity	Sources	Numerator	Denominator
1	Proportion of nonfunctional water supply during the reporting period	This refers to the proprotion of non functional water schemes in the woreda out of the total schemes	Quarterly	Admin. report	Number of existing nonfunctional water supply schemes as of the reporting period.	Total number of water supply schemes in the kebele
2	Proportion of HHs that received alternative energy sources during the reporting period	Alternative energy technologies are technologies that prevent/reduce the emissions of CO2. They include: (1) Biomass energy saving stoves such as improved stoves and biogas -(2) Solar based technologies such as solar home system and solar lanterns including Solar lamp and the like.	Quarterly	Admin. report	Number of HHs that received alternative energy technology during the reporting period.	Total number of households in the kebele
3	Proportion of WASH Committee members who have received at least one WASH related training during this reporting period.	This refers to the proportion of WASH committee members who participated in atleast one WASH training	Quarterly	Admin. report	Number of WASH Committee members who have received at least one WASH related training during the reporting period.	Total Number of WASH committee members in the kebele
4	Proportion of water schemes with an established WASHCO during the reporting period.	Proportion of water schemes with an established WASHCO during the reporting period.	Quarterly	Admin. report	Number of water schemes with an established WASHCO during the reporting period.	Total number of water schemes in the kebele
5	Proportion of water supply schemes rehabilitated/ maintained	This indicates the proportion of water supply schemes rehabilitated/maintained during the reporting period	Quarterly	Admin. report	Number of water supply schemes with solar power	Total number of water supply schemes
6	Number of water supply	This refers to new construction	Quarterly	Admin. report	Number of water supply	1





	schemes constructed during	of small or medium scale shallow			schemes constructed during	
	the reported period	wells or springs.			the reported period	
7	Number of irrigation schemes	This referece to newly	Quarterly	Admin. report	Number of irrigation	1
	constructed during the	constructed irrigation schemes			schemes constructed during	
	reported period	during the reporting period.			the reported period	

Woreda Level

No.	Indicator	Indicator Description	Reporting periodicity	Sources	Numerator	Denominator
1	Proportion of HH that have access to improved water source during the reporting period.	safe and adequate water supply: adequate Implies sufficient water to meet domestic needs. GTP-2 minimum service level of 25 I/c/day for rural. Access implies reliably available water resource close to home i.e within a distance of 1 km from the water delivery point(Rural).Collection time is no more than 30 minutes for a roundtrip, including queuing. urban water supply access with GTP-2 minimum service level of 100 I/c/day for category-1 towns/cities, 80 I/c/day for category-2 towns/cities, 60 I/c/day for category-3 towns/cities, up to the premises and 40 I/c/day for category-5 towns/cities within a distance of 250m with piped system. Safe drinking water is Drinking water that is free from harmful microorganisms, chemicals, excess	Quarterly	Admin. report	Number HH that have access to improved water source during the reporting period.	Number of households in the woreda





		mineral and other impurities that would expose consumers to adverse health problems. The water has to met the WHO water quality standard;				
2	proportion of kebeles with functional WASHCO	This indicates the proportion of kebeles that have WASH committee that can meet regularly and monitors and reports the WASH activities in the region.	Quarterly	Admin. report	Number of kebeles with functional WASHCO	Total Number of Kebeles in the Woreda
3	Proportion of Constructed irrigation schemes coverage in hectar during this reporting period	This refers to areas being utilized for irrigation for vegetables, fruits and crops.	Bi-Annually	Admin. report	Constructed irrigation schemes coverage in hectar during this reporting period	Hectars of land potential for irrigation
4	Number of existing water supply schemes in the woreda as of this reporting period	this refers to total numbers of the water schemes of any type	Monthly	Admin. report	Number of existing water supply schemes in the woreda as of this reporting period	1

Education Sector

Kebele level

No.	Indicator	Indicator Description	Reporting periodicity	Sources	Numerator	Denominator
1	Proportion of schools with School Feeding Program during the reporting period	This refers to proportion of schools that have school feeding program and the food items are expected to be their locally grown or brought from different areas including imported ones.	Quarterly	Admin. Report	Number of schools that have school feeding program during the reporting period	Total number of schools in the Kebele
2	Proportion of schools with	Schools that have health, nutrition	Quarterly	Admin.	Number of schools that have	Total number of





	health and nutrition clubs	and/or WASH clubs with specified roles and responsibilities, and that have schedule for their functions.		report	health and nutrition clubs during the reporting period.	schools in the Kebele
3	Proportion of schools with adequate and safe drinking water	Schools are expected to sustainably avail safe and adequate drinking water for the students and other members of the school in their premises. It is recommended 3 liters/pupil/day for drinking and hand washing (use for toilets not included)	Monthly	Admin. report	Number of schools with safe and adequate drinking water supply during the reporting period.	Total number of schools in the Kebele
4	Proportion of schools with improved hand washing facilities	This refers to schools that fullfill the standard faucet students ratio. One faucet for 100 students for rural schools and one faucet for 50 students for schools in regional capital cities. the hand washing facilities need to be accessible for yound and disabled students.	Quarterly	Admin. Report	Number of schools with improved hand washing facilities	Total number of schools in the Kebele
5	Proportion of schools that implemented full SHN package	This refers to schools that started full implementation of the 10 school health packages. These packags Include: School Health Behavioral change communication and life skills development, School Nutrition Services, Water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH) Provision, Management of common infections, infestations and disorders, Routine and catch up vaccination and immunization service, Sexual and reproductive health services, HIV/STI prevention and control services, Mental, neurological and substance use disorder prevention and support,	Quarterly	Admin. report	Number of schools that implemented full SHN packages during the reporting period.	Total number of schools in the Kebele





		Prevention and management of non- communicable diseases and injuries and School health preparedness, response & recovery during education in emergency situations				
6	Proportion of students who attended at least one training session on WASH/SHN program during the reporting period.	proportion of students who attended at least one training session on WASH/SHN program during the reporting period.	Monthly	Admin. report	Number of students who attended at least one training session on WASH/SHN program during the reporting period.	Total number of schools in the Kebele
7	Proportion of schools with school gardening during the reporting period.		Monthly	Admin. report	Number of schools with school gardening during the reporting period.	Total number of schools in the Kebele
8	Proportion of schools with separate latrine for female and male during the reporting period.	This refers to schools that have at least one separate latrine for both sexes. The separate toilets should have at least 1 stand/cubicle for per 50 girls and 1 stand and 1 urinal per 75 boys.	Quarterly	Admin. report	Number of schools with separate latrine for female and male during the reporting period	Total number of schools in the Kebele
9	Proportion of schools with access to MHM facility	This refers to proportion of schools which have necessary facilities to render MHM services for female students during the reporting period.	Monthly	Admin. report	Number of schools with access to menstrual Hygeine management (MHM) facility	Total number of schools in the Kebele

Woreda level

No.	Indicator	Indicator Description	Reporting periodicity	Sources	Numerator	Denominator
1	Number of schools under the shed/tree transformed		Annually	Admin. report	Number of schools under the shed/tree transformed	1





Social and Labor Sector

Kebele level

No.	Indicator	Indicator Description	Reporting periodicity	Sources	Numerator	Denominator
1	Proportion of PLW newly linked to TDS during the reporting period	Women who brought document from health institution or when her pregnancy is physically visible should be transferred from public work to TDS until her child is two years old,	Monthly	Admin. report	Number of PLW newly linked to TDS during the reporting period	Total number of PLW in kebele
2	Proportion of TDS beneficiary PLWs who participated in soft conditional services during the reporting period	This refers to proportion of TDS beneficiary PLWs that participated in at least one soft conditionality service. Soft conditionality services include: attending SBCC session at health facilities, attending complementary cooking demonstration at facilities and communities.	Monthly	Admin. report	Number of TDS beneficiary PLWs who participated in soft conditional services during the reporting period.	Total number of PLW in kebele
3	Proportion of acute malnutrition affected HHs that received fee-waiver schemes during the reporting period	Indicates proportion of acute malnutrition affected HHs received fee-waiver schemes (Free health care services)	Monthly	Admin. report	Number of acute malnutrition affected HHs that received fee-waiver schemes during the reporting period.	Total number of HHs with acute malnutrition children in the kebele
4	Proportion of HHs with malnourished children that participated in soft constitutionality services during the reporting period	Proportion HHs with malnourished children that participated in at least one softcondionality service. Soft conditionality services include: attending SBCC session at health facilities, attending complementary cooking demonstration at facilities and communities.	Monthly	Admin. report	Number HHs with malnourished children that participated in soft conditionally services during the reporting period.	Total number of HHs with acute malnutrition children in the kebele
5	Number of Permanent Direct Support (PDS) beneficiaries	This refers to number of Permmanet Direct Support (PDS) beneficiaries in that Kebele	Monthly	Admin. report	Number of Permanent Direct Support (PDS) beneficiaries	1





6	Proportion of PSNP	Monthly	Admin.	Number of PSNP pregnant	Total number of PSNP
	pregnant women		report	women participated in 4 ANC	Pregnant women in
	participated in 4 ANC			session	the kebele
	session				
7	Proportion of children	Monthly	Admin.	Number of children under 2	Total number of
	under 2 in PSNP HHS who		report	in PSNP HHS who	children under 2 in
	participated in GMP during			participated in GMP during	PSNP HHs in the
	the reporting period			the reporting period	Kebele
8	Proportion of PSNP	Monthly	Admin.	Number of PSNP pregnant	Total number of PSNP
	pregnant women and		report	women and lactating women	Pregnant women and
	lactating women			participated in nutrition	lactating women in the
	participated in nutrition			counseling or BCC session at	kebele
	counseling or BCC session			health facility	
	at health facility				
9	Total number of children 6-	Monthly	Admin.	Total number of children 6-	1
	59 months in PSNP HH who		report	59 months in PSNP HH who	
	received complete			received complete	
	vaccination			vaccination	

Woreda Level

No.	Indicator	Indicator Description	Reporting	Sources	Numerator	Denominator
			periodicity			
1	Proportion of social	This indicates the proportion of social	Quarterly	Admin.	Number of social workers	Total number of social
	workers trained on social	workers participated and certified on		report	trained on case management	workers in the Woreda
	work case management	social work case management				
2	Proportion of beneficiaries	This refers to both permanat and	Quarterly	Admin.	Number of beneficiaries	Total number of
	pass through the case	temporary direct support (PDS & TDS)		report	pass through the case	beneficiaries
	management	beneficiaries who pass through social			management	
		work case management				





Women and Children Sector

Kebele level

No.	Indicator	Indicator Description	Reporting periodicity	Sources	Numerator	Denominator
1	Proportion of women that attended in at least one training on gender issues during the reporting period.	Indicates number of women that were participated in at least one training on gender issues	Monthly	Admin. report	Number of women that attended in at least one training on gender issues during the reporting period.	Total number of women in the kebele
2	Proportion of women and youth who attended at least one nutrition and health training during the reporting period.	Refers to proportion of women and youth who attended at least one nutrition and health trainings during the reporting period.	Monthly	Admin. report	Number of women and youth who attended at least one nutrition and health training during the reporting period.	Total number of women in the kebele
3	Number of adolescents saved from under age marriage	Total number of adolescents (10-19 years) who are saved from under age (<18 years) marriage.	Monthly	Admin. report	Number of adolescents saved from under age marriage	1
4	proportion of under age marriage during the reporting period	refers to total number of adolescents (10-19 years) who committed under age marriage in compared to the total number of adolecsents in the woreda	Monthly	Admin. report	Number of adolescents committed under age marriage	Total number of adolescents in the kebele
5	Proportion of Women headed HHs engaged in IGA	This referes to proportion of economically poor women headed households engaging to income generation activities (IGA)	Monthly	Admin. report	Number of Women headed HHs engaged in IGA	Total number of economically poor women headed households
6	Proportion of OVCs supported	This indicates proportion of OVCs who received support during the reporting period	Monthly	Admin. report	Number of Orphan and Vulnerable Children (OVCs) supported	Total number of OVCs during the reporting period





Woreda level

No.	Indicator	Indicator Description	Reporting periodicity	Sources	Numerator	Denominator
1	Proportion of women who participated in Small & Micro enterprises during the reporting period.	Indicates proportion of women's participated ecnomic empowerment activities such as on Small & Micro enterprises	Quarterly	Admin. Report	Number of women who participated in Small & Micro enterprises during the reporting period.	Total number of women in the woreda
2	Number of panel discussion/ consultative meetings on gender issues during the reporting period.	This refers to Number of woreda level pannel discussion/ consultative meeting on gender issues	Quarterly	Admin. Report	Number of panel discussion/ consultative meetings on gender issues during the reporting period.	1
3	Proportion of kebeles that declared "under age marriage free" during the reporting period?	Refers to total number of kebeles that declared "under age marriage free" during the reporting period as compared to the total kebeles in the woreda	Quarterly	Admin. Report	Number of kebeles that declared "HTP free" during the reporting period?	Total Number of kebeles in the woreda
4	Number of mobile daycares established	This referes to the number of new daycares established during the reporting period	Quarterly	Admin. Report	Number of mobile daycares established	1

Multisectoral nutrition Coordination Key Performance Indicators

Federal Level

SD stands for Sequentation, as SD is a pilot implementation in the multisectoral nutrition program, the KPI indicators defined and implemented in UNISE are based on the SD implementing sectors.

No.	Indicator	Indicator Description	Reporting periodicity	Sources	Numerator	Denominator
1	Proportion of federal	Refers to number of federal sectors	Bi-Annually	Admin.	Number of federal sectors	Total Number of SD
	sectors that assigned	that show their commitment by		report	that assigned budget for	implementing federal
	budget for Nutrition	assigning separate budget item for			Nutrition activities	sectors





	activities	nutrition activities, as compared to the total implementing sectors.				
2	Proportion of sectors and partners that have full time focal person for Nutrition activities during the reporting period	Refers to total number of federal sectors and partners that assigned full time staff., this focal is expected to organize sectoral plans and reports, and work with respective regional focal persons, and attend on regular meetings	Quarterly	Admin. report	Number of sectors and partners that have full time focal person for Nutrition activities	Total Number of SD implementing federal sectors
3	Number of Multisectoral review meetings conducted in the reporting period	Refers to the number of multisectoral review meetings conducted during the reporting period. It is expected that at least two multisectoral review meeting should be conducted with sectors and implimiting partners in every quarter.	Quarterly	Admin. report	Number of Multisectoral review meetings conducted in the reporting period	1
4	Proportion of federal sectors that have mainstreamed SBCC in their sector	Refers to Number of sectors that have mainstreamed SBCC in their sector as compard to the total implementing sectors. By mainstreaming we mean" sectors to included 1000+ public movment as part of their plan and reports.	Quarterly	Admin. report	Number of sectors that have mainstreamed SBCC in their plan	Total Number of SD implementing federal sectors
5	Number of Multi sectoral supportive supervision conducted in a year	Multi sectoral supportive supervision refers to joint supportive supervision which is conducted together with at least half of the implementing sectors and partners. It is expected to conduct this on Annual basis.	Annual	Admin. report	Number of Multi sectoral supportive supervision conducted in a year	1
6	Proportion of sectors and partners that track resources for nutrition activities	Refers to total number of sectors and partners that track resources for nutrition activities as compared to the total implementing actors. Any expenditure for nutrition activities is	Bi-Annual	Admin. report	Number of sectors and partners that track resources for nutrition activities	Total Number of SD implementing federal sectors





	expected to be reported in a way that		
	can show its sources, and to what		
	activities it is spent.		

Region level

No.	Indicator	Indicator Description	Reporting periodicity	Sources	Numerator	Denominator
1	Proportion of woredas that assigned budget for SD activities	Refers to number of woredas that show their commitment by assigning separate budget item for SD activities as compared to the total woredas in the region.	Bi-Annual	Admin. Report	Number of woredas that assigned budget for SD activities	Total number SD woredas in the region
2	Proportion of regional sectors that assigned budget for Nutrition activities	Refers to number of regional sectors that show their commitment by assigning separate budget item for nutrition activities, as compared to the total number of implementing sectors.	Bi-Annual	Admin. Report	Number of regional sectors that assigned budget for SD activities	Total Number of SD implementing regional sectors in the region
3	Proportion of regional sectors that have mainstreamed SBCC in their sector	Refers to Number of sectors that have mainstreamed SBCC in their sector as compared to the total implementing sectors. By mainstreaming we mean" sectors to included 1000+ public movement as part of their plan and reports.	Bi-Annual	Admin. Report	Number of regional sectors that have mainstreamed First 1000+ Public Movement/SBCC in their plan/Activities	Total Number of SD implementing regional sectors in the region
4	Proportion of woredas reporting Multi sectoral nutrition indicators to RPDU on monthly basis	This refers to Number of woredas reporting Multi sectoral nutrition indicators to RPDU on monthly basis before or on 10 th of each month without any interruption.	Quarterly	Admin. Report	Number of woredas reporting Multi sectoral nutrition indicators to RPDU on monthly basis	Total number SD woredas in the region
5	Proportion of sectors that have full time focal person for Nutrition	Refers to total number of regional sectors that assigned full time staff. This focal is expected to organize sectoral plans and reports, work with respective regional focal persons, and	Quarterly	Admin. Report	Number of regional sectors that assigned full time focal person for Nutrition	Total Number of SD implementing regional sectors in the region





		attend on regular meetings.				
6	Proportion of woredas with functional nutrition coordination bodies	A woreda is said to have functional nutrition coordination body when platform with members from different sectors is formed, conduct regular monthly meetings focusing on nutrition and are supported with minutes.	Quarterly	Admin. Report	Number of woredas with functional nutrition coordination bodies	Number of SD Woredas in the region
7	Number of Multisectoral review meetings conducted in the reporting period	Refers to the number of multisectoral review meetings conducted during the reporting period. It is expected that at least two multisectoral review meeting should be conducted with sectors and implementing partners in every quarter.	Quarterly	Admin. Report	Number of Multisectoral review meetings conducted in the reporting period	1
8	Number of region level Multi sectoral Supportive supervision conducted in a given year	Multi sectoral supportiv supervision refers to joint supportive superviosion which is conducted together with at least half of the implementing sectors and partners. It is expected to conduct this on biannual basis.	Bi-Annually	Admin. Report	Number of region level Multi sectoral Supportive supervision conducted in a given year	1
9	proportion of sectors and partners that track resources for nutrition activities	Refers to total number of sectors and partners that track resources for nutrition activities as compared to the total number of implementing actors. Any expenditure for nutrition activities is expected to be reported in a way that can show its sources, and to what activities it is spent.	Bi-Annually	Admin. Report	Number of sectors and partners that track resources for nutrition activities	Total Number of SD implementing regional sectors in the region

Woreda level

No.	Indicator	Indicator Description	Reporting	Sources	Numerator	Denominator
			periodicity			





1	Proportion of woreda sectors that have mainstreamed SBCC in their sector	Refers to Number of sectors that have mainstreamed SBCC in their sector as compared to the total implementing sectors. By mainstreaming we mean" sectors to included 1000+ public movement as part of their plan and reports.	Bi-Annually	Admin. report	Number of woreda sectors mainstreamed first 1000+ Public Movement in their activities	Total Number of SD implementing sectors in the woreda
2	Proportion of kebeles with functional nutrition coordination bodies	A kebele is said to have functional nutrition coordination body when platform with members from different sectors is formed, conduct regular monthly meetings focusing on nutrition and are supported with minutes.	Quarterly	Admin. Report	Number of kebeles with functional nutrition coordination bodies	Total number kebeles in the woreda
3	Number of woreda level Multi sectoral Supportive supervisions conducted	Multi sectoral supportive supervision refers to joint supportive supervision which is conducted together with at least half of the implementing sectors . It is expected to conduct this on quarterly basis.	Quarterly	Admin. Report	Number of woreda level Multi sectoral Supportive supervisions conducted	1

UNISE/DHIS2 Organization Unit naming

UNISE is a multisectoral data management tool, all the NNPII signatory sectors will use this tool as their data management for their work and improved decision making system. It is fully integrated with DHIS2 system, as the NNPII coordination body is led by Health sector as well as many of the UNISE indicators mainly the nutrition specific are captured from the health sector.

UNISE/DHIS2 Organization Unit defines the organization structure of DHIS2, for example how geographical areas, administrative areas, health facilities, and other are arranged with respect to each other.

Example in Ethiopia, administrative areas hierarchies are: Federal, Region, Zone, Woreda, Kebele. Health facilities such as health centers (HCs), health posts (HPs), hospitals also can be defined in DHIS2 as organization units.





Since the FMoH DHIS2 is implemented and configured based on the old HMIS pattern, the organization unit naming is not followed the standard naming of the geographic administrative area of the country however the levels, locations as well as spatial coordinators are the same as the actual location of the places.

UNISE/DHIS2 Organization Unit naming Guide

In the national DHIS2 system implemented by the FMoH, the organization unit names have a health specific concatenation, which results in minimizing the readability and usability of the system to other sectors. This guide helps to understand the naming convention of the DHIS2 for the organization units. The following table shows the Organization unit hierarchy names and actual location

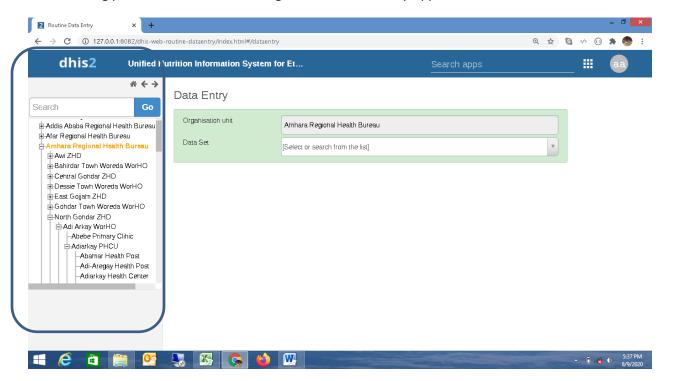
No.	UNISE/DHIS2 Organization unit name	Actual location name	Level	Remark
1	FMoH	Federal	Federal (Level 1)	
2	Region name followed by the word RHB Example – Amhara RHB	Region name - Example Amhara	Regional (Level 2)	
3	Zonal name followed by the word ZHD Example – Awi ZHD	Zone name – Example Awi	Zonal (Level 3)	
4	Woreda name followed by the word WorHO Example - Adi Arkay WorHO	Woreda name – Example Adi Arkay	Woreda (Level 4)	
5	Woreda name followed by PHCU. PHCU stands for Primary Health Care Unit, this is a logical concept used by the health sector to categorize the Health Posts in the woreda Exampe – Adi Arkay PHCU	There is not physical location in the actual geographic of the country	PHCU (Level 5)	
6	Kebele name followed by the word Health Post. Example – Abamar Health Post	Kebele name – Example Abamar	Kebele (Level 6)	

Table 1 - Organization name hierarchy





The following picture shows the DHIS2 OrgUnit list in Data Entry App.



UNISE Data Entry and Data Output Guide - Nutrition Sensitive

The routine data entry App is where aggregated data is manually registered in the UNISE/DHIS2 database. Data is registered for an organization unit, a period, and a set of data elements (data set) at a time. A data set often corresponds to a paper-based data collection tool.

In order to enter data using the routine data entry app, sectors need to select organization unit per the location of the data source.

To enter Kebele level data, you need to select the Health post org unit. Each health post of the country can be mapped to the Kebele administrative level of the country. More than 98 % of the kebeles in the country mapped to the health post organization unit definition in the UNISE/DHIS2, however there are some kebele that doesn't have health post as well as there are kebeles that have more than one health posts. For these kebeles that have two health posts in it, choose the name of the health post named by the kebele name and enter the data in it. For the kebeles that doesn't have health post organization unit, please recorded them and it can be added in to the UNISE/DHIS2 system. To enter





woreda data you need to select the organization unit of the woreda name followed by WrHo word. The same apply also to enter data at zonal regional and federal level.

In the data output or reporting side of the system also you need to select the corresponding health post (kebele name) to report kebele name, woreda followed by WrHo for woreda report and will continue in a similar fashion for the above levels too.

UNISE Data Entry and Data Output Guide - Nutrition Specific

The nutrition specific part of UNISE entered as the usual pattern of the HMIS. The nutrition specific data can be collected at health post, health center, clinics, hospitals and any point that provides health service based on the FMoH service provide centers. These data can be aggregated by kebele, woreda, zone, region and federal level to generate report

The following pic show the data entry of the UNISE at specific health post/kebele

